## EXTENDING KNOWLEDGE >> CHANGING LIVES

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## Everybody's Yard and Garden Guide Series

## How to Grow a Vegetable Garden

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~ Don Kinzler, Horticulture Agent, Cass County

## Why grow your own vegetables?




## Let's get started

1. Decide what type of garden works for you
2. Choose location
3. Plan ahead - decide what to plant
4. Prepare site
5. Plant!


## 3 types of gardens



Traditional garden


Raised Bed garden

## Traditional Garden $\longrightarrow$ Small Space Gardens

- Rural yard
- Large urban lot

- Balcony, patio, deck
- Small yard



## Location

- Check how much sunshine
$\checkmark 6$ to 8 hours $=$ full sun
$\checkmark 4$ to 6 hours $=$ part sun, part shade
$\checkmark$ Less than $4=$ shade



## Location

- Full, all-day sun is best
- Locate near water source



## ... location continued

- Vegetables produced from flowers - Full sunshine
$\checkmark$ Tomato, pepper, squash, cucumbers, melons,
- Edible root - Part sun $\checkmark$ Carrot, radish, potato, onion
- Edible leaves - Tolerate shade
$\checkmark$ Lettuce, spinach, kale, cabbage, herbs


Decide what to plant
$\checkmark$ Make a plan
$\checkmark$ Plant things you like


## Background information for all garden types...



Some vegetables are planted from seeds, others from transplants


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- From seed
$\checkmark$ Radish, carrot, peas, bean, lettuce, beets, sweet corn
- From transplants
$\checkmark$ Tomato, pepper, cabbage family
- From seed or transplants $\checkmark$ Squash, Pumpkin, cukes, melons

- Planting seeds
$\checkmark$ Broadcast or rows
$\checkmark$ Cover to proper depth $\checkmark$ Firm gently

- Planting Transplants
$\checkmark$ Slightly deeper than existing
- Water gently and thoroughly



## When to start

- Don't start too early
- Frost happens during first half of May
- Best 10-day window is May 15-25


Cool crops vs. warm crops


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## When can we start?

- Cool season crops = April $\checkmark$ Radish, onion, lettuce, spinac iw peas, potato, carrot, cabbagte
- Warm season crops = May 15-25
$\checkmark$ Tomato, pepper, eggplant, cucumber, melons, squash


## How to plant a traditional garden....



[^0]

How to get rid of grass


## Steps in Planting a traditional garden

- Spade or rototill garden, smooth with rake


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- Mark a row with string and stakes
- Using string as guide, pull hole along, making trench

- Check seed pack for planting depth
- Cover seed by pulling soil into trench with hoe or rake
- Move string and stake to next row; check pack for spacing


Label rows as you go, so you know where vegetables will emerge


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## How can you control weeds

$\checkmark$ Hoe or pull when weeds are just barely visible.
$\checkmark$ Mulch
Never let weeds go to seed

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## How to plant a raised bed, small-space garden



- Raised beds are just large containers
- Create in units 4 feet $\times 4$ feet
- Square Foot Gardening method produces high yields in small space



## Special soil mix is needed for raised gardens

Regular garden soil is too "heavy" and compacts too greatly



## Each square is 12 inches

Search online for "Square Foot Gardening Method"


## High yield in small space



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[^1]
## How to plant a garden in containers



## Gardening in containers

- Look for types that say "Grows well in containers"
- Use potting mix, not regular soil



## Choose a container

- Must have drain holes
- 12 inches in diameter or more
- Tomatoes require the size of a 5gallon bucket



## Potting mix...

- Must retain moisture
- Must drain well

$\checkmark$ Select high quality potting mix
$\checkmark$ Always moisten before using


Choose container vegetable varieties wiselv

- Container friendly
- Tag or description usually says


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## How many plants per container?

- The Square Foot Gardening method is a great resource
- A raised bed is a large container
- Plants per 12" square
- https://squarefootgardening.org/ method/

|  | CUCUMBER XI | PEPPERS X1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SQUASH X1 | CARROTS X16 |  | BROCCOLI X1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RADISH X32 } \end{aligned}$ |  | PUMPKIN X1 | EGGPLANT X |
| CABBAGE X | ROSEMARY X] | MELON X1 |  |
|  |  | CILANTRO XI | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ \text { LETTUCE X4 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |

## Succession Planting

- Radish, spinach, lettuce, carrots


America's \#1 Homegrown Vegetable


## ...Tomatoes

- "Determinate" varieties more container-friendly
- "Indeterminate" varieties


Indeterminate tomato


Determinate tomato

## Selecting Varieties

$\checkmark$ Early - 45 to 65 days
$\checkmark$ Mid-season - 68 to 72 days
$\checkmark$ Late -75 to 100 days


## Plant Tag information



USE MIRACLE-GRO ${ }^{\circledR}$ SOIL and PLANT FOOD for your best harvest yet! Feed regularly for best results.

Plant deeply


## Blossom end rot



## Mulch

$\checkmark$ Wait until warm
$\checkmark$ Use untreated straw or grass clippings



Ready...Set...Grow!


## Thank you!

For more information, contact:

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[^0]:    EXTENSION

[^1]:    EXTENSION

